

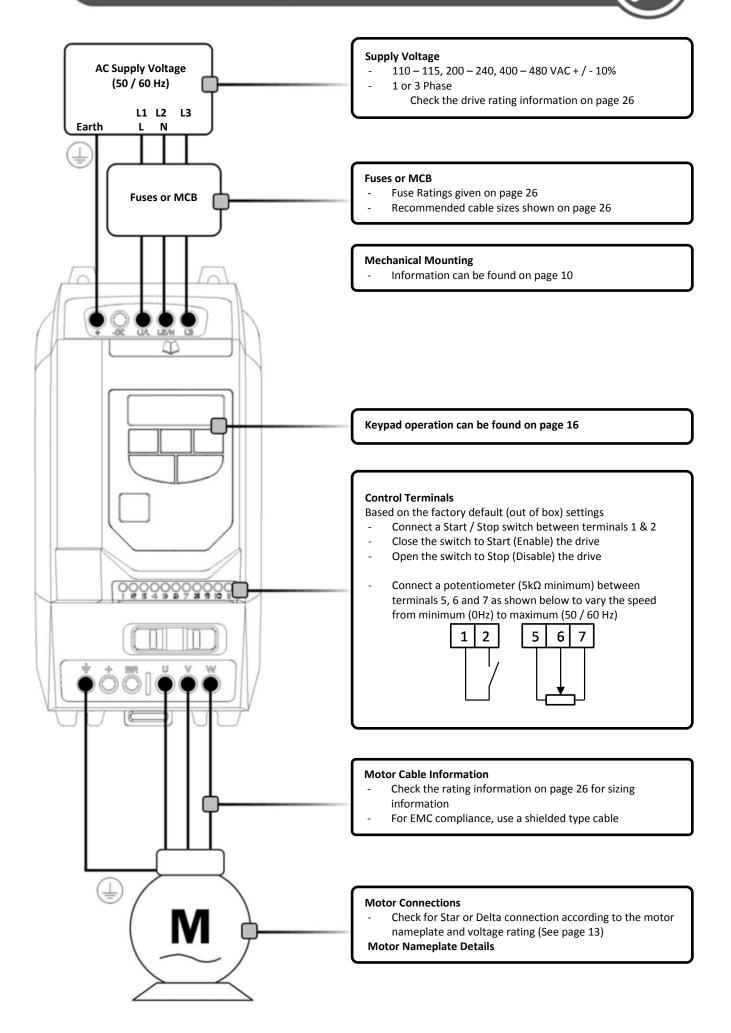
User Guide

OPTIDRIVETM (E² IP20 & IP66 (NEMA 4X) AC Variable Speed Drive

0.37 – 11kW (0.5 – 15HP) 110 – 480V



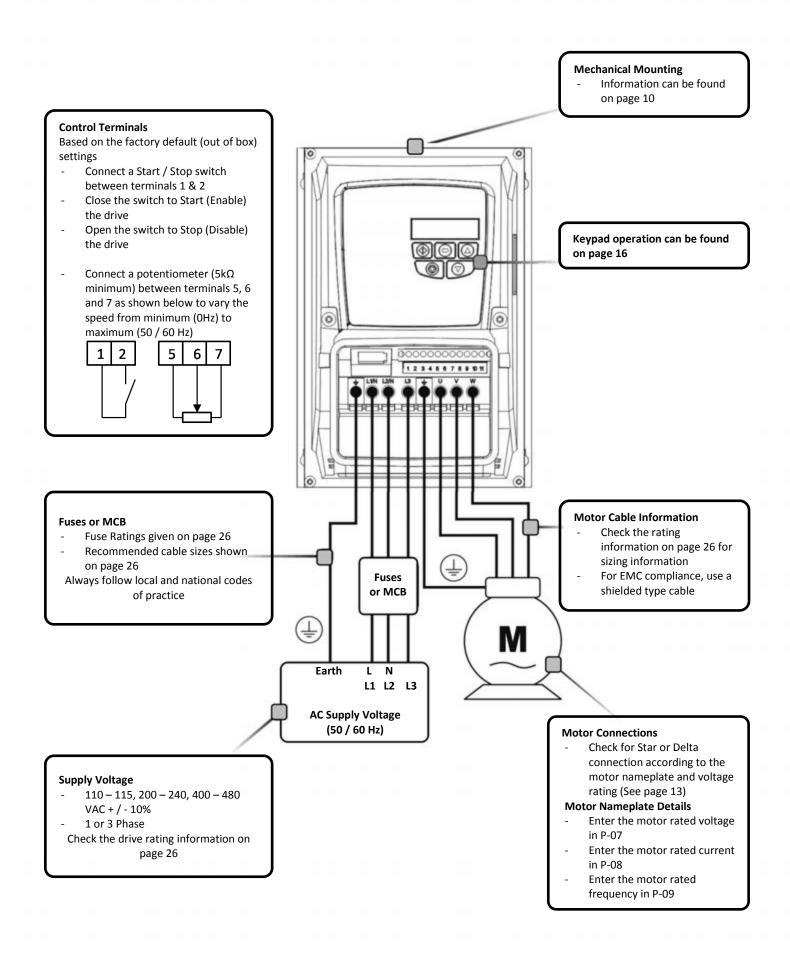
OPTIDRIVE (**É**² Easy Start Up Guide



OPTIDRIVE



Easy Start Up Guide



OPTIDRIVE





Local Speed Potentiometer The local speed potentiometer Mechanical Mounting will adjust the output frequency Information can be found from minimum (Parameter P-02, on page 10 default setting = 0Hz) to maximum (Parameter P-01, default setting = 50 / 60 Hz) Run Reverse / Off / Run **Forward Switch** With the factory parameter settings, this switch allows the 00 Keypad operation can be found drive to be started in the forward on page 16 and reverse operating directions. Alternative switch functions can be programmed, such as Local / Remote, Hand / Auto, see page 0 0 15 Mains Disconnect / Isolator **Motor Cable Information** Check the rating information on page 26 for Fuses or MCB sizing information Fuse Ratings given on page For EMC compliance, use a 26 shielded type cable Ŧ Recommended cable sizes Fuses shown on page 26 or MCB Always follow local and national codes of practice Ŧ Earth L N L1 L2 L3 **AC Supply Voltage** (50 / 60 Hz) **Motor Connections** Check for Star or Delta connection according to the motor nameplate and voltage rating (See page Supply Voltage 13) 110 - 115, 200 - 240, 400 - 480 **Motor Nameplate Details** VAC + / - 10% Enter the motor rated 1 or 3 Phase voltage in P-07 Check the drive rating information on Enter the motor rated page 26 current in P-08 Enter the motor rated frequency in P-09

Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODE-2 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and has been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2003	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3 2 nd Ed: 2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529 : 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. When using an Optidrive with an internal or optional external filter, compliance with the following EMC Categories, as defined by EN61800-3:2004 can be achieved:

Drive Type / Rating		EMC Category				
		Cat C1	Cat C2	Cat C3		
1 Phase, 2	230 Volt Input	No additional filtering required				
ODE-2-x2	xxx-1xBxx	Use shielded motor cable				
3 Phase, 400 Volt Input		Use External Filter OPT-2—	No additional filtering required			
ODE-2-x4	xxx-3xAxx	E3xxxx				
		Use shielded motor cable				
Note	Compliance wit	h EMC standards is dependent on a r	number of factors including the environme	ent in which the drive is installed,		
Note	motor switchin	g frequency, motor, cable lengths an	d installation methods adopted.			
	For shielded motor cable lengths greater than 100m and up to 200m, an output dv / dt filter must be used (please refer to the					
	Invertek Stock Drives Catalogue for further details)					
	Compliance wit	h EMC directives is achieved with the	e factory default parameter settings			

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All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 1.20 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.30

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.

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1. Introduction

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.

A	Danger : Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not	Danger : Indicates a potentially h	
17	avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and	other than electrical, which if not	avoided, could
تغني	possible injury or death.	result in damage to property.	
	This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for pr		'
	part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may preser		-
	carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to c		
	required to system design and electrical installation to avoid h	·	ent of equipment
	malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install a		
	System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance r		-
	training and experience. They must carefully read this safety in		
	information regarding transport, storage, installation and use		
	Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the	Optidrive. Any electrical measurements requi	red should be carried
	out with the Optidrive disconnected.		and an and at the
A	Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive b		
17	terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disco		re by using a suitable
لنشي	multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power tern		
	Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connect off the supply	tor, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have e	apsed after turning
	off the supply. Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be	sufficient to correct the maximum supply fould	wrontwhich
	normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fu		
	according to any local legislation or codes.	ses of Meb should be fitted in the mains suppl	y to the unve,
	Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as pe	defined by local legislation or codes. The driv	a may have a
	leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth		
	which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably ra		
	according to any local legislation or codes.		supply to the unve,
	Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst p	ower is applied to the drive or to the external	control circuits
	Within the European Union, all machinery in which this produ		
	Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is response		
	equipment complies with EN60204-1.	······································	
	The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input fu	octions – for example stop/start, forward/reve	rse and maximum
	speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications wit		
	malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject t	a risk assessment and further protection pro	vided where needed.
	The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input sign	al is present.	
	The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high vol	ages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes l	pefore starting any
	work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or N	otor cable whilst the input power is still applie	ed.
	The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven moto	r at speeds above or below the speed achieve	d when connecting
	the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation fr	om the manufacturers of the motor and the d	riven machine about
	suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior t	o machine start up.	
	Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any syste	ms whereby this may cause a potentially dang	gerous situation.
	IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environment	 IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution of 	legree 2
	environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.		
\checkmark	Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.		
	When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is pro	vided. Do not carry out drilling operations with	n the drive in place,
	dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.		
	The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should b	e prevented. Flammable material should not b	e placed close to the
	drive		
	Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).		
	Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1		ptidrive as delivered.
	Never connect the mains power supply to the Output termina	• •	
	Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the c		
	Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a	minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange	crossings at 90
	degrees	ue setting	
	Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torc Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the		t your local Invertal
	Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.	case of suspected fault of manufiction, contac	a your local invertek
	Drives Sales Partiler für fürtiller assistatilte.		

...

2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the Optidrive E2 including how to identify the drive

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.

nameplate. The mode	I number includes the o	drive and ai	ny options.				
	ODE - 2 -	1 2	037 - 1 K	B 1 2			
Product Family				IP Rating		2 = IP20	
Generation						X = IP66 Non Sw	/itched
						Y = IP66 Switche	ed 🛛
				Dynamic Bra	ke	1 = Not Fitted	
Frame Size				Transistor		4 = Internal Trar	isistor
Frame Size				/1) = No Filte \	i 400V EMC Filter	
						230V EMC Filter	
Input Voltage 1 =	110 – 115			Power Type		K = kW	
2 =	200 – 240					H = HP	
4 =	380 - 480						
Power Rating			No. C	Of Input Phases			
2.2. Drive Mo	del Numbers						
110-115V ±10% - 1 P	hase Input - 3 Phase 2	30V Outpu	t (Voltage Doubler)		1		
	el Number	kW		l Number	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter		With Filter	Without Filter			
N/A	N/A		N/A	ODE-2-11005-1H01#	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	N/A		N/A	ODE-2-11010-1H01#	1	4.3	1
N/A	N/A		N/A	ODE-2-21015-1H04#	1.5	5.8	2
200-240V ±10% - 1 P	hase Input		1		•		
kW Model Number kW		kW		l Number	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter		With Filter	Without Filter			Size
ODE-2-12037-1KB1#	ODE-2-12037-1K01#	0.37	ODE-2-12005-1HB1#	ODE-2-12005-1H01#	0.5	2.3	1
ODE-2-12075-1KB1#	ODE-2-12075-1K01#	0.75	ODE-2-12010-1HB1#	ODE-2-12010-1H01#	1	4.3	1
ODE-2-12150-1KB1#	ODE-2-12150-1K01#	1.5	ODE-2-12020-1HB1#	ODE-2-12020-1H01#	2	7	1
ODE-2-22150-1KB4#	ODE-2-22150-1K04#	1.5	ODE-2-22020-1HB4#	ODE-2-22020-1H04#	2	7	2
ODE-2-22220-1KB4#	ODE-2-22220-1K04#	2.2	ODE-2-22030-1HB4#	ODE-2-22030-1H04#	3	10.5	2
N/A	ODE-2-32040-1K04# ²⁾	4.0	N/A	ODE-2-32050-1H04# ²⁾	5	16	3
200-240V ±10% - 3 P	hase Input						
kW Mod	el Number	kW	HP Mode	l Number	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame
With Filter	Without Filter	R V V	With Filter	Without Filter	nr	Output current (A)	Size
N/A	ODE-2-12037-3K01#	0.37	N/A	ODE-2-12005-3H01#	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-2-12075-3K01#	0.75	N/A	ODE-2-12010-3H01#	1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-2-12150-3K01#	1.5	N/A	ODE-2-12020-3H01#	2	7	1
ODE-2-22150-3KB4#	ODE-2-22150-3K04#	1.5	ODE-2-22020-3HB4#	ODE-2-22020-3H04#	2	7	2
ODE-2-22220-3KB4#	ODE-2-22220-3K04#	2.2	ODE-2-22030-3HB4#	ODE-2-22030-3H04#	3	10.5	2
ODE-2-32040-3KB4#	ODE-2-32040-3K04#	4.0	ODE-2-32050-3HB4#	ODE-2-32050-3H04#	5	18	3
380-480V ±10% - 3 P	hase Input	u	1			_ 1	
kW Mod	el Number		HP Mode	l Number			Frame
With Filter	Without Filter	kW	With Filter	Without Filter	HP	Output Current (A)	Size
ODE-2-14075-3KA1#	ODE-2-14075-3K01#	0.75	ODE-2-14010-3HA1#	ODE-2-14010-3H01#	1	2.2	1
ODE-2-14150-3KA1#	ODE-2-14150-3K01#	1.5	ODE-2-14020-3HA1#	ODE-2-14020-3H01#	2	4.1	1

ODE-2-24020-3HA4#

ODE-2-24030-3HA4#

ODE-2-24050-3HA4#

ODE-2-34075-3HA4#

ODE-2-34100-3HA4#

ODE-2-34150-3HA421)

Replace the # on the end of the part number with the relevant IP code designation shown in figure 1

2

2

2

3

3

3

2

3

5

7.5

10

15

ODE-2-24020-3H04#

ODE-2-24030-3H04#

ODE-2-24050-3H04#

ODE-2-34075-3H04#

ODE-2-34100-3H04#

ODE-2-34150-3H0421)

4.1

5.8

9.5

14

18

24

ODE-2-24150-3KA4#

ODE-2-24220-3KA4#

ODE-2-24400-3KA4#

ODE-2-34055-3KA4#

ODE-2-34075-3KA4#

ODE-2-34110-3KA421)

Note

ODE-2-24150-3K04#

ODE-2-24220-3K04#

ODE-2-24400-3K04#

ODE-2-34055-3K04#

ODE-2-34075-3K04#

ODE-2-34110-3K0421)

1)

2)

1.5

2.2

4

5.5

7.5

11

Model not UL Approved

11kW / 15HP drives are available in IP20 enclosures only

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- The Optidrive must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in section 3.5 and 3.7 are left clear
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 9.1
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive

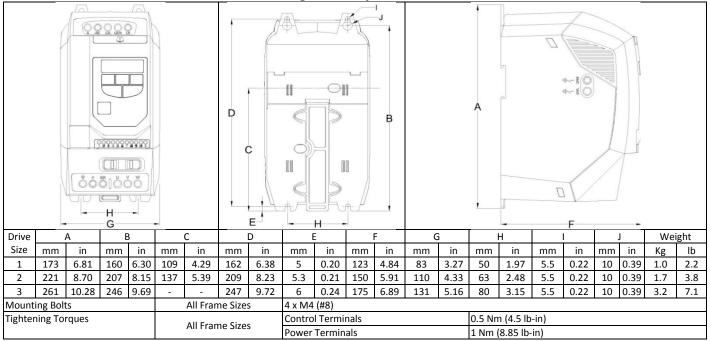
3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range –40°C to +60°C

3.3. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.3 on page 27 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.4. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units

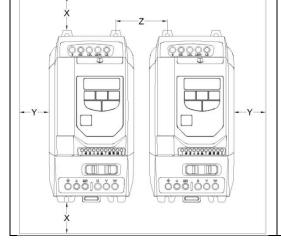


3.5. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting – IP20 Units

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of
 airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and
 sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:-





Drive Size	Abo	x ve & low	Y Either Side		Betv	Z ween	Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft ³ /min)
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	11
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	26

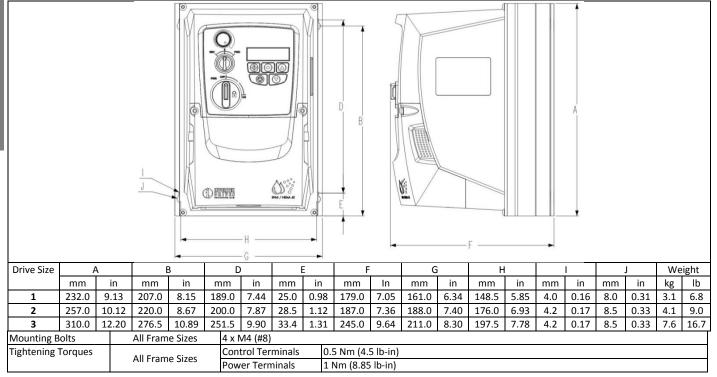
Note :

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

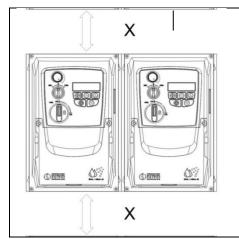
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.6. Mechanical Dimensions – IP66 (Nema 4X) Enclosed Units



3.7. Guidelines for mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 9.1
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are premoulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



	Drive Size	X Above & Below		Y Either Sid	de	
		mm	in	mm	in	
	2	200	7.87	10	0.39	
Γ	3	200	7.87	10	0.39	
	Note :					
Γ	Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load					

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

	C	able Gland Sizes	
Frame	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables
2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)
3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)

3.8. Gland Plate and Lock Off

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. The gland plate has pre moulded cable entry holes for power and motor connections suitable for use with glands as shown in the following table. Where additional holes are required, these can be drilled to suitable size. Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

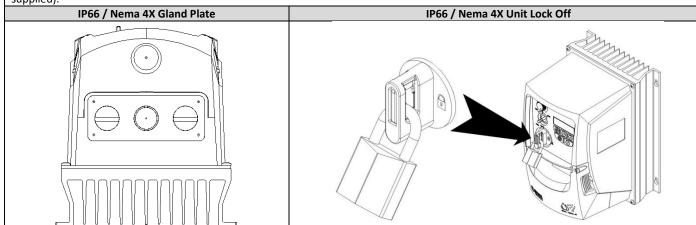
Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:							
	Pov	ver & Motor Cables		(Control & Signal	Cables	
	Moulded Hole	Imperial Gland	Metric Gland	Knockout Size	Imperial Glan	d Metric Gland	
	Size						
Size 1	22mm	PG13.5	M20	22mm	PG13.5	M20	
Size 2 & 3	27mm	PG21	M25	22mm	PG13.5	M20	
Flexible Conduit Hole Sizes:							
		Drill S	bize	Trade Siz	ze	Metric	
Size 1		28mm		¾ in		21	
Size 2 & 3 35mm		m	1 in		27		
	///- //						

• UL rated ingress protection ("Type ") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a flexibleconduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type")

- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC
- Not intended for rigid conduit system

Power Isolator Lock Off

On the switched models the main power isolator switch can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).



3.9. Removing the Terminal Cover

To access the connection terminals, the drive front cover needs to be removed as shown.

IP66 / Nema 4	IP66 / Nema 4X Units				
Removing the 2 screws on the front of the product allows access to the con	nection terminals, as shown below.				

3.10. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in the "Environment" section.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4. Power Wiring

4.1. Grounding the Drive

Power Wiring

This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

Safety Ground

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

Motor Ground

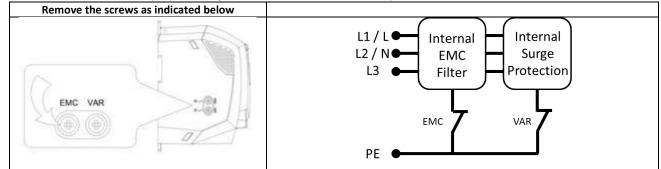
The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply: -

- A Type B Device must be used
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.



The Optidrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw. After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.2. Wiring Precautions

Connect the Optidrive according to sections 4.8.1 and 4.8.2, ensuring that motor terminal box connections are correct. There are two connections in general: Star and Delta. It is essential to ensure that the motor is connected in accordance with the voltage at which it will be operated. For more information, refer to section 4.5 Motor Terminal Box Connections.

It is recommended that the power cabling should be 4-core PVC-insulated screened cable, laid in accordance with local industrial regulations and codes of practice.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

- For 1 phase supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, power should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, a symmetrical shielded cable is recommended.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Guideline dimensions are given in section 9.2.
- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type T fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- When the power supply is removed from the drive, a minimum of 30 seconds should be allowed before re-applying the power. A minimum of 5 minutes should be allowed before removing the terminal covers or connection.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:-
 - \circ The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high
 - \circ \quad The supply is prone to dips or brown outs
 - An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives)
 - The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor		
230 Volt	1	OPT-2-L1016-20		
1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-20		
1 Plidse	3	N/A		
400 \/alt	2	OPT-2-L3006-20		
400 Volt 3 Phase	2	OPT-2-L3010-20		
5 Plidse	3	OPT-2-L3036-20		

4.4. Drive and Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area
- Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- For IP66 drives, connect the motor cable screen to the internal ground clamp

4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

tings.			
Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400	Delta	
400	400 / 690		
400	230 / 400	Star	

4.6. Motor Thermal overload Protection.

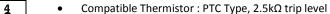
4.6.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection.

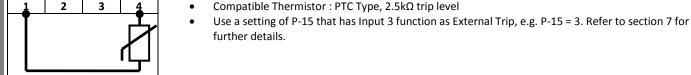
The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.6.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows :-

Control Terminal Strip Additional Information



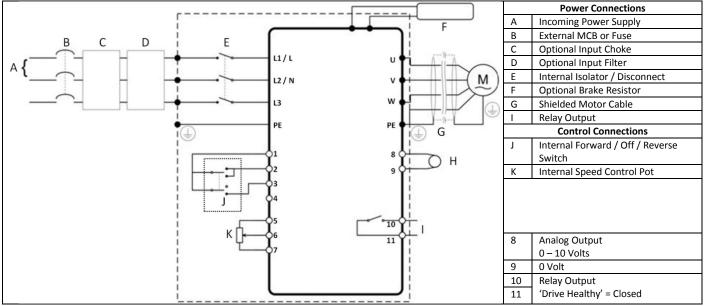


4.7. **Control Terminal Wiring**

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: $0.05 2.5 \text{mm}^2 / 30 12 \text{ AWG}$.

4.8. **Connection Diagram**

4.8.1. IP66 (Nema 4X) Switched Units



4.8.2. IP20 & IP66 (Nema 4X) Non- Switched Units

			Power Connections
		Α	Incoming Power Supply
		В	Isolator / Disconnect
B C D E		С	MCB or Fuse
	(h	D	Optional Input Choke
		Е	Optional Input Filter
	ч — — (́м)	F	Optional Brake Resistor
		G	Shielded Motor Cable
	w.	Ι	Relay Output
	PE		Control Connections
(L) — PE	G	1	+ 24 Volt (100mA) User Output
	C.	2	Digital Input 1
\frown	⁸ CH		Drive Run / Stop
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		3	Digital Input 2
			Forward / Reverse
L_~		4	Digital Input 3
			Analog / Preset Speed
Ŷ⁵		5	+ 10 Volt Output
¢6	└ <u></u>	6	Analog Input 1
τζ,		7	0 Volt
		8	Analog Output 0 – 10 Volts
		9	0 Volt
		10	Relay Output
p		11	'Drive Healthy' = Closed

er

P0 P0

#### Using the REV/0/FWD Selector Switch (Switched Version Only) 4.9.

By adjusting the parameter settings the Optidrive can be configured for multiple applications and not just for Forward or Reverse. This could typically be for Hand/Off/Auto applications (also known and Local/Remote) for HVAC and pumping industries.

REV FWD	REV FWD	REV FWD			
			Paramet	ers to Set	N. L.
	Switch Position		P-12	P-15	Notes
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	0	Factory Default Configuration Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
STOP	STOP	Run Forward	0	5,7	Run forward with speed controlled form the local POT Run Reverse - disabled
Preset Speed 1	STOP	Run Forward	0	1	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT Preset Speed 1 provides a 'Jog' Speed set in P-20
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	6, 8	Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run in Auto	STOP	Run in Hand	0	4	Run in Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT Run in Auto 0 Speed controlled using Analog input 2 e.g. from PLC with 4-20mA signal.
Run in Speed Control	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	1	In Speed Control the speed is controlled from the Local POT

STOP	STOP	Run Forward	0	5,7	Run Reverse - disabled
Preset Speed 1	STOP	Run Forward	0	1	Run Forward with speed controlled from the Local POT Preset Speed 1 provides a 'Jog' Speed set in P-20
Run Reverse	STOP	Run Forward	0	6, 8	Run Forward or Reverse with speed controlled from the Local POT
Run in Auto	STOP	Run in Hand	0	4	Run in Hand – Speed controlled from the Local POT Run in Auto 0 Speed controlled using Analog input 2 e.g. from PLC with 4-20mA signal.
Run in Speed Control	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	1	In Speed Control the speed is controlled from the Local POT In PI Control, Local POT controls PI set point
Run in Preset Speed Control	STOP	Run in PI Control	5	0, 2, 4,5, 812	In Preset Speed Control, P-20 sets the Preset Speed In PI Control, POT can control the PI set point (P-44=1)
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	6	Hand – speed controlled from the Local POT Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus
Run in Hand	STOP	Run in Auto	3	3	Hand – Speed reference from Preset Speed 1 (P-20) Auto – Speed Reference from Modbus

To be able to adjust parameter P-15, extended menu access must be set in P-14 (default value is 101) NOTE

#### **Control Terminal Connections** 4.10.

Default Connections	Control Terminal	Signal	Description				
	1	+24V User Output,	+24V, 100mA.				
(1)	2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic				
	3	Digital Input 2	<ul> <li>"Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC</li> <li>"Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC</li> </ul>				
	4	Digital Input 3 / Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA				
5	5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum				
6	6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V				
	7	0V	User ground connected tern	ninal 9			
× 8 9	8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V	20mA maximum			
	9	0V	User ground connected terminal 7				
	10	Relay Common					
	11	Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc	, 5A			

## 5. Operation

#### 5.1. Managing the Keypad

C	5.1.	Managing	the Keypad	
tion	The drive	e is configured a	and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.	
at	$\frown$	NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit	
e	$\sim$	NAVIGATE	parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes	
d 0	$\wedge$	UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase	
	$\bigtriangleup$	UP	parameter values in parameter edit mode	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \land \land$
	$\overline{}$	DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease	
	$\vee$	DOWN	parameter values in parameter edit mode	
		RESET /	Used to reset a tripped drive.	
		STOP	When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
	$\wedge$		When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to	
	$\langle   \rangle$	START	reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad	
	$\sim$		mode is enabled	

#### **Changing Parameters**

To change a parameter value press and hold the  $\bigcirc$  key for >1s whilst the drive displays  $52 \sigma^{P}$ . The display changes to P- $\square$  l, indicating parameter 01. Press and release the  $\bigcirc$  key to display the value of this parameter. Change to the required value using the  $\bigcirc$  and  $\lor$  keys. Press and release the 🔾 key once more to store the change. Press and hold the 📿 key for >1s to return to real-time mode. The display shows

5LoP if the drive is stopped or the real-time information (e.g. speed) if the drive is running.

#### **Reset Factory Default Settings**

To reset factory default parameters, press riangle, abla and  $oldsymbol{v}$  for >2s. The display shows P- dEF . Press the  $oldsymbol{v}$  button to acknowledge and reset the drive.

#### 5.2. **Terminal Control**

When delivered, the Optidrive is in the factory default state, meaning that it is set to operate in terminal control mode and all parameters (P-xx) have the default values as indicated in section 6 Parameters.

- 1. Connect the drive and motor according to the connection diagram shown at the beginning of this User Guide
- Enter motor data from motor nameplate, P-07 = motor rated voltage, P-08 = motor rated current, P-09 = motor rated frequency. 2.
- With the potentiometer set to zero, switch on the supply to the drive. The display will show  $5 L_{\Box}P$ . 3
- Close the control switch, terminals 1-2. The drive is now 'enabled' and the output frequency/speed are controlled by the 4. potentiometer. The display shows zero speed in Hz (H = 0.0) with the potentiometer turned to minimum.
- 5. Turn the potentiometer to maximum. The motor will accelerate to 50Hz (the default value of P-01) under the control of the accelerating ramp time P-03. The display shows 50Hz (H = 50.0) at max speed.
- To display motor current (A), briefly press the  $\bigcirc$  (Navigate) key. 6.
- 7. Press  $\bigcirc$  again to return to speed display.
- To stop the motor, either turn the potentiometer back to zero or disable the drive by opening the control switch (terminals 1-2). 8.

If the enable/disable switch is opened the drive will decelerate to stop at which time the display will show  $5 t \sigma P$ . If the potentiometer is turned to zero with the enable/disable closed the display will show H = 0.0 (0.0Hz), if left like this for 20 seconds the drive will go into standby mode, display shows 5Endby, waiting for a speed reference signal.

#### 5.3. **Keypad Control**

To allow the Optidrive to be controlled from the keypad in a forward direction only, set P-12 =1:

- 1. Connect the drive and motor according to the connection diagram shown at the beginning of this User Guide
- 2. Enable the drive by closing the switch between control terminals 1 & 2. The display will show  $5 L_{D}P$ .
- Press the  $\bigcirc$  key. The display shows H  $\square$ . $\square$ . 3.
- Press  $\triangle$  to increase speed. 4.
- The drive will run forward, increasing speed until riangle is released. The rate of acceleration is controlled by the setting of P-03, check this 5. before starting.
- Press  $\nabla$  to decrease speed. The drive will decrease speed until  $\nabla$  is released. The rate of deceleration is limited by the setting in P-6 04
- 7. Press the  $\mathbf{\nabla}$  key. The drive will decelerate to rest at the rate set in P-04.
- The display will finally show  $5L_{D}P$  at which point the drive is disabled 8.
- To preset a target speed prior to enable, press the 🛡 key whilst the drive is stopped. The display will show the target speed, use the 9.  $\triangle$  &  $\vee$  keys to adjust as required then press the  $\heartsuit$  key to return the display to  $5 \pm aP$ .
- 10. Pressing the  $\odot$  key will start the drive accelerating to the target speed.

To allow the Optidrive to be controlled from the keypad in a forward and reverse direction, set P-12 =2:

- 11. Operation is the same as when P-12=1 for start, stop and changing speed.
- 12. Press the  $\bigcirc$  key. The display changes to H  $\Box$ . $\Box$ .
- 13. Press  $\triangle$  to increase speed
- 14. The drive will run forward, increasing speed until riangle is released. Acceleration is limited by the setting in P-03. The maximum speed is the speed set in P-01.
- 15. To reverse the direction of rotation of the motor, press the  $\odot$  key again.

## 6. Parameters

P-01       Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit       P-02       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00       \$0.00	6.1.	Standard Parameters								
Maximum outgut frequency or motor speed limit – H2 or pm. If P-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm           P-02         Minimum requency / Speed Limit         0.0         P-01         0.0         H2 / I           Minimum speed limit – H2 or pm. If P-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm         0.00         60.0         5.0         s           Acceleration Ramp Time         0.00         60.0         5.0         s           P-03         Stopping Mode         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         2         0         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1	Par.		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
Maximum outgut frequency or motor speed limit         0.0         P-01         0.0         Hz / I           P-02         Minimum requency / Speed Limit         0.0         P-01         0.0         Hz / I           P-03         Acceleration Ramp Time         0.00         60.0         5.0         s           P-04         Acceleration Ramp Time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.         0.00         600.0         5.0         s           P-04         Deceleration Ramp Time from 0.set of base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.         0         2         0         -0           0         Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is not, the drive will ry to continue running by reducing the speed of the load, and using the load as a generator.         1         0         1         0         -0         -0         0         1         0         -0         -0         1         0         -0         -0         1         0         -0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1 <th>P-01</th> <th>Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit</th> <th>P-02</th> <th>500.0</th> <th>50.0 (60.0)</th> <th>Hz / Rpm</th>	P-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm				
Minimum speed limit – H2 or rpm. if P-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Bpm           P-03         Acceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.           P-04         Deceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.           Deceleration ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.           C Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will try to continue running by reducing the speed of the load, and using the load as a generator.           2 : Cast to Stop. When the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop 2: Kamp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -0           1 : Ebabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor where operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.           P-07         Motor Rated Speed The rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor         Drive Rating Speed Set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor<			value entered	/ displayed is in	n Rpm	•••				
Minimum speed limit – Hz or rpm. if P-10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm           P-03         Acceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.           Acceleration ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.           Deceleration ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.           Stopping Mode         0         2         0         -           O is mm To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive wall many to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           O : Disbled         Is ambled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor where operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage aptiled to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intem for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const oraratible torque.           P-0	P-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
P-04         Deceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.           P-04         Deceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.           Stopping Mode         0         2         0         -           0: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will rap to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           0: Disabled         0: anothen enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           0: Disabled         1: Enabled. When enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive and motor wher operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.			n Rpm							
P-04         Deceleration Ramp Time         0.00         600.0         5.0         s.0           P-05         Stopping Mode         0         2         0         -           O : Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free wheel) to stop.         2         0         -           D : Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free wheel) to stop.         2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free wheel) to stop.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           O : Disbled         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -           P-07         Motor Rated Voitage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-08         Motor Rated Frequency         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voitage of the motor         0         30000         0         Rpe         Rpe         Rpe <t< th=""><th>P-03</th><th></th><th>1</th><th>600.0</th><th>5.0</th><th>S</th></t<>	P-03		1	600.0	5.0	S				
P-04         Deceleration Ramp Time         0.00         600.0         5.0         s.0           P-05         Stopping Mode         0         2         0         -           O : Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free wheel) to stop.         2         0         -           D : Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free wheel) to stop.         2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free wheel) to stop.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           O : Disbled         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -           P-07         Motor Rated Voitage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-08         Motor Rated Frequency         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voitage of the motor         0         30000         0         Rpe         Rpe         Rpe <t< th=""><th></th><th>Acceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.</th><th>•</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>		Acceleration ramp time from 0.0 to base frequency (P-09) in seconds.	•							
Deceleration ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to standstill in seconds. When set to 0.00, the value of P-24 is used.           P-05         Stopping Mode         0         2         0         -           0: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           0: Disabled         1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor wher operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intenn for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         0         250/500         20/400         V           P-07         Motor Rated Current         Drive Rating Dependent         A           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requered of the motor         25         500         50 (60)         H           P-09         Motor Rated Speed         0         30000         Rpm         Rpm         Rpm andt	P-04		0.00	600.0	5.0	S				
P-05         Stopping Mode         0         2         0            0: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will coast (freewheel) to stop         2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         1         0         -         0         250.7500         230 / 400         V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor (Volts)         -         0         3000         0         R         P         0         3000         0         R         R         Rot rated fragmeters should be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to th			hen set to 0.0	0, the value of	P-24 is used.					
0: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost, the drive will ramp to stop. Wen the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop 2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop 2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is lost. The therite will ramp to stop using the P-24 decl ramp with dynamic brake control.           P-06         Energy Optimiser         0         1         0         -           0: Disabled         1         0         -         -         -           0: Disabled         1         0         1         0         -         -           0: Disabled to the enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor wher operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-09         Motor Rated Vortage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor         P-09         Motor Rated Vortage         0         250 / 500         50 (60)         Hit	P-05				0	-				
supply is lost, the drive will try to continue running by reducing the speed of the load, and using the load as a generator.         1: Coast to Stop. When the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (freewheel) to stop         2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.         P-06       Energy Optimiser       0       1       0       -         0: Disabled       0       1       0       -       0         1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor where operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         P-07       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor 'S reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend to ranked torque.       P-07         P-08       Motor Rated Zrequency       25       500       50 (60)       Hit         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) rem of the motor       P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0			top, with the r	ate controlled	by P-04. If the	mains				
1: Coast to Stop. When the enable signal is removed, or if the mains supply is lost, the motor will coast (free-wheel) to stop 2: Ramp To Stop. When the enable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by P-04. If the mains supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.         P-06       Energy Optimiser       0       1       0       -         0: Disabled       1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor wher operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         P-07       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       Drive Rating Dependent       A         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor       30000       0       Rp         P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       H.         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor       30000       0       Rp         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor.       Speed related parameters, such as Minimum and M										
supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.         P-06       Energy Optimiser         0       Disabled         1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor where operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         P-07       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts)       P-08       Motor Rated Current       Drive Rating Dependent       A         P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       Ht         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor       P-09       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpp         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpp         This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor.       Whon Rated Speed       0.0       2.0.0       3.0       %         P-11       Voltage Boost       us aption and the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed re				-	-	qc				
supply is lost the drive will ramp to stop using the P-24 decel ramp with dynamic brake control.         P-06       Energy Optimiser         0       Disabled         1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor where operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         P-07       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts)       P-08       Motor Rated Current       Drive Rating Dependent       A         P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       Ht         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor       P-09       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpp         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpp         This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor.       Whon Rated Speed       0.0       2.0.0       3.0       %         P-11       Voltage Boost       us aption and the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed re					•	•				
P-06       Energy Optimiser       0       1       0         0: Disabled       1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor wher operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         P-07       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts)       P-08       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       P-08       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       Ht         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) represend the motor       0       30000       0       Rpp         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpp         P-10       Motor Rated parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speed etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.       Printage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startit torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in										
0: Disabled         1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the overall energy consumed by the drive and motor wher operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         P-07       Motor Rated Voltage       0       250/500       230/400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts)       Drive Rating Dependent       A         P-08       Motor Rated Current       Drive Rating Dependent       A         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       Drive Rating Dependent       A         P-09       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpp         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor       0       30000       0       Rpp         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-10       Voltage Boost       0       20       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor volt	P-06			1	0	-				
operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.           P-07         Motor Rated Voltage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-08         Motor Rated Voltage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-07         Motor Rated Voltage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-08         Motor Rated Frequency         0         250 / 500         50 (60)         H:           P-09         Motor Rated Frequency         25         500         50 (60)         H:           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor         0         30000         0         Rp           P-10         Motor Rated Speed         0         30000         0         Rp           Voltage Boost         0.0         20.0         3.0         %           Voltage Boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startit torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor order low load or no load conditions at apr										
operating at constant speeds and light loads. The output voltage applied to the motor is reduced. The Energy Optimiser is intend for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.           P-07         Motor Rated Voltage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-08         Motor Rated Voltage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-07         Motor Rated Voltage         0         250 / 500         230 / 400         V           P-08         Motor Rated Frequency         0         250 / 500         50 (60)         Ht           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor         0         30000         0         Rp           P-10         Motor Rated Speed         0         30000         0         Rp           This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11           Voltage Boost         0.0         20.0         3.0         %           Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startit torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor		1: Enabled. When enabled, the Energy Optimiser attempts to reduce the over	all energy con	sumed by the	drive and moto	or when				
for applications where the drive may operate for some periods of time with constant speed and light motor load, whether const or variable torque.         P-07       Motor Rated Yoltage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts)       Drive Rating Dependent       A         P-08       Motor Rated Current       Drive Rating Dependent       A         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       P       9         P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       HL         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the sip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startin torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately SHz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12										
or variable torque.       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         Pr07       Motor Rated Voitage       0       250 / 500       230 / 400       V         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts)       Drive Rating Dependent       A         Pr08       Motor Rated Current       Drive Rating Dependent       A         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       25       500       50 (60)       H:         Pr09       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) requency of the motor       0       30000       0       Rpi         Pr10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.       P-10         Voltage Boost       Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and start it torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Comm										
P-08         Motor Rated Current         Drive Rating Dependent         A           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor         Drive Rating Dependent         A           P-09         Motor Rated Frequency         25         500         50 (60)         H:           P-10         Motor Rated Frequency         25         500         50 (60)         H:           P-10         Motor Rated Frequency         0         30000         0         Rpi           This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor         0         30000         0         Rpi           This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speecd related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.           P-11         Voltage boost         0.0         20.0         3.0         %           Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startil torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under			·	-						
P-08       Motor Rated Current       Drive Rating Dependent       A         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       25       500       50 (60)       H.         P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       H.         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor       0       30000       0       Rpi         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show moor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startil torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force vertilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately SHz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-10       Primary Command Source	P-07	Motor Rated Voltage	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V				
This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor       25       500       50 (60)       Hz         P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       Hz         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor       0       30000       0       Rpi         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speec       related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startin torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor olad or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0       - <td< th=""><th></th><th>This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (V</th><th>olts)</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>		This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (V	olts)							
P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       Hi         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor       0       30000       0       Rpi         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startin torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately SHz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0       -         0: Terminal Control. The drive cans be controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote Keypad.       2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the	P-08	Motor Rated Current	Drive	e Rating Depen	ident	А				
P-09       Motor Rated Frequency       25       500       50 (60)       Hi         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor       0       30000       0       Rpi         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startin torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately SHz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0       -         0: Terminal Control. The drive cans be controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote Keypad.       2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the		This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current of the motor								
This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) frequency of the motor         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         P-10       Motor Rated Speed       0       30000       0       Rpi         This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startit torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0          O       6       0           O       6       0           O       6       0	P-09		25	500	50 (60)	Hz				
P-10Motor Rated Speed0300000RpiThis parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.P-11Voltage Boost0.020.03.0%Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and starti 					( /					
This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startitit torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0       -         O: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.       1: Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad.       2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse.       3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps       4: Modbus S         S : Pl Control. User Pl control with Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps       5: Pl Control. User Pl control with Modbus R	P-10			30000	0	Rpm				
related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startiti tor que. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0          0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.       1: Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad 2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse.       3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps       4: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps       4: Modbus Network Control. Pl control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A <th></th> <th></th> <th>or. When set t</th> <th>o the default v</th> <th>alue of zero, a</th> <th>ll speed</th>			or. When set t	o the default v	alue of zero, a	ll speed				
nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.         P-11       Voltage Boost       0.0       20.0       3.0       %         Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startin torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0       -         0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.       1: Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote Keypad 2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse.       3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps       4: Modbus Network Control. Control with external feedback signal         6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal       6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A         Pre										
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Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and startin torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.P-12Primary Command Source060060-0060000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-0000000-0000000-0000000-000-000-000-000-0 <th></th> <th>speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Spe</th> <th>eds etc. will al</th> <th>so be displaye</th> <th>d in Rpm.</th> <th></th>		speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Spe	eds etc. will al	so be displaye	d in Rpm.					
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torque. Excessive voltage boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under low load or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P-11 until the motor current is no more than 80% of the rated full load current.         P-12       Primary Command Source       0       6       0       -         0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.       1: Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote Keypad       2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad.       2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad.         3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps       4: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus         5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal       6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0		Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output freq	uencies, in or	der to improve	low speed and	d starting				
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P-12Primary Command Source060-0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control terminals. 1: Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote Keypad 2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse. 3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps 4 : Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus 5 : PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal 6 : PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1P-13Trip Log HistoryN/AN/AN/APrevious 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.099990-		may be required. A suitable setting can usually be found by operating the moti	or under low l	oad or no load	conditions at					
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2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse.       3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps         4: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus       5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal         6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1       P-13         P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A         Previous 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.       0       9999       0       -		0: Terminal Control. The drive responds directly to signals applied to the control	ol terminals.							
Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse.         3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) using the internal Accel / Decel ramps         4: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus         5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal         6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13         Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A         Previous 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0		1: Uni-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote Keypad								
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4 : Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) interface with Accel / Decel ramps updated via Modbus         5 : PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal         6 : PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13       Trip Log History         N/A       N/A         Previous 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0										
5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal         6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0       -										
6 : PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and summation with analog input 1         P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A         Previous 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0			Accel / Decel r	ramps updated	l via Modbus					
P-13       Trip Log History       N/A       N/A       N/A       N/A         Previous 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging to the most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging to the most recent trip arameter group zero.       P14         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0       -										
Previous 4 trips stored in order of occurrence, with the most recent first. Press UP or DOWN to step through all four. The most recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.P-14Extended Menu Access code099990-		6 : PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedback signal and		vith analog inp						
recent trip is always displayed first. UV trip is only stored once. Further fault event logging functions are available through parameter group zero.         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0       -	P-13					N/A				
parameter group zero.         P-14       Extended Menu Access code       0       9999       0       -										
P-14 Extended Menu Access code 0 9999 0 -			vent logging fu	unctions are av	ailable throug	า				
Set to "101" (default) for extended menu access. Change code in P-37 to prevent unauthorised access to the Extended Parameter	P-14		-		-	-				
		Set to "101" (default) for extended menu access. Change code in P-37 to preve	ent unauthoris	ed access to the	ne Extended Pa	rameter				
Set		Set								

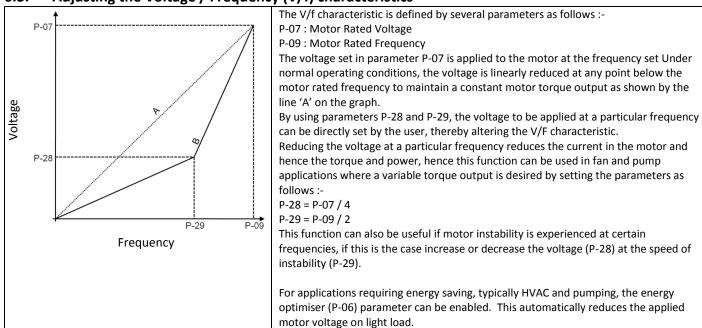
0	6.2.	Extended Parameters										
	Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
2	P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	12	0	-						
		Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode setting	ng in P-12. See	e section 8, An	alog and Digita	al Input						
	P-16	Configurations for more information.	500 F	alow.	U0-10							
0	P-10	Analog Input 1 Signal Format		Below		- a applied is						
L L		U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will remain at 0.0Hz if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied <0.0%										
		<b>b-</b> ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive will operate	the motor in t	he reverse dire	ection of rotat	ion if the						
		analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is <0.0%										
		<b>A D-2D</b> = 0 to 20mA Signal										
		E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code 4-	20F if the sign	al level falls be	low 3mA							
		r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if t	-									
		E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code 4-a										
		<b>r 20-4</b> = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20) if the optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (P-20).										
	P-17	Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8 / 16	kHz						
		Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displayed, the 14 due to excessive drive heatsink temperature.	switching frequ	lency has been	reduced to the	level in POO-						
	P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	7	1	-						
		Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output ter	rminals, Logic 1	indicates the	relay is active	, and						
		therefore terminals 10 and 11 will be linked together.										
		<b>0 : Drive Enabled (Running)</b> . Logic 1 when the motor is enabled										
		1 : Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault exist										
		2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition	the setpoint fr	equency								
			e adjustable lir	nit set in P-19								
			<ul> <li>4 : Output Frequency &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19</li> <li>5 : Output Current &gt;= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19</li> </ul>									
		6 : Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the										
		7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjust	table limit set i	in P-19								
	P-19	Relay Threshold Level	0.0	200.0	100.0	%						
		Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18		-								
	P-20	Preset Frequency / Speed 1	P-02	P-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm						
	P-21 P-22	Preset Frequency / Speed 2	P-02	P-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm						
	P-22 P-23	Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4	P-02 P-02	P-01 P-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm Hz / Rpm						
	. 23	Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the setting of P-15										
		If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as										
	P-24	2nd Decel Ramp Time (Fast Stop)	0.00	25.0	0.00	S						
		This parameter allows an alternative deceleration ramp down time to be prog	rammed into t	he Optidrive, v	vhich can be s	elected by						
		digital inputs (dependent on the setting of P-15) or selected Automatically in t	the case of a m	ains power los	s if P-05 = 2.							
	P-25	When set to 0.00, the drive will coast to stop.	0	9	8							
	P-25	Analog Output Function Select Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC	0	9	ð	-						
		<b>0 : Drive Enabled (Running)</b> . Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running)										
		<b>1 : Drive Healthy</b> . Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive										
		2 : At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches	the setpoint fr	equency								
		<b>3: Drive Tripped</b> . Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition										
		4 : Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exceeds the	•									
		5 : Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds the adjustable limit set in P-19										
		<ul> <li>6 : Output Frequency &lt; Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is below the adjustable limit set in P-19</li> <li>7 : Output Current &lt; Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the adjustable limit set in P-19</li> </ul>										
		Analog Output Mode										
		8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1Hz										
		9 : Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A										
	P-26	Skip frequency hysteresis band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm						
	P-27	Skip Frequency	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm						
		The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the Optidrive operating at a certa which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine. Parameter P-27 d										
		and is used conjunction with P-26. The Optidrive output frequency will ramp t										
		04 respectively, and will not hold any output frequency within the defined bar	-									
		within the band, the Optidrive output frequency will remain at the upper or lo										
	P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	250 / 500	0	V						
	P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Frequency	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz						
		This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the vo	-			are must be						
		taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feature.	See section 6.3	s for further inf	ormation.							

	Optidrive ODE-2 User Guide Revision	1 3.30								
Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P-30	Terminal Mode Restart function	N/A	N/A	Auto-0	-					
	Defines the behaviour of the drive relating to the enable digital input and also	-								
	<b>Ed9E-</b> <i>r</i> : Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 power on or reset to start the drive.	remains closed	d. The Input m	ust be closed	after a					
	<b>FULD</b> : Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Di	igital Input 1 ic	closed							
	<b>AULo-</b> I to <b>AULo-5</b> : Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to re			The drive mu	ist bo					
	powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restart attempts are cou									
	the drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset the fault.			start on the h	nai attempt,					
P-31	Keypad / Modbus Mode Restart Function	0	3	1	-					
	This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12 =	1 or 2) or Mod	lbus Mode (P-:	12 = 3 or 4). W	hen settings					
	0 or 1 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control termina			-	gs 2 and 3					
	allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypa		op keys are igi	nored.						
	Settings 0 and 2 : The drive will always start at the Minimum Frequency / Spee									
	Settings 1 and 3 : The drive will always start at the last operating Frequency / S	speed								
	0 : Minimum Speed, Keypad Start 1 : Previous Speed, Keypad Start									
	2 : Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable									
	3 : Previous Speed, Terminal Enable									
P-32	DC Injection Time On Stop	0.0	25.0	0.0	S					
	Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor once the ou	tput frequency	/ reaches 0.0H	z. The voltage	level is the					
	same as the boost level set in P-11.			-						
P-33	Spin Start (S2 & S3 Only) / DC Injection Time On Start (S1 Only)	0	1	0	-					
	Frame Size 2 and 3 Drives only – Spin Start									
	0 : Disabled									
	1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if t			-	n to control					
	the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when startin Frame Size 1 Drives Only – DC Injection Time On Starting	ig motors whic	h are not turn	ing.						
	Sets a time for which DC current is injected into the motor to ensure it is stopp	ed when the (	drive is enable	d						
P-34	Brake Chopper Enable		2	0	-					
	0 : Disabled	C C	_	C C						
	<b>1 : Enabled With Software Protection</b> . Enables the internal brake chopper with software protection for a 200W continuous rated									
	resistor									
	2 : Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper	without softw	are protection	n. An external	thermal					
	protection device should be fitted.									
P-35	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.0	500.0	100.0	%					
	Scales the analog input by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a $0 - 10V$ signal , and	d the scaling fa	actor is set to 2	200.0%, a 5 vo	olt input will					
P-36	result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01) Modbus RTU Serial Communications Configuration		Soo P	Below						
F-30	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Seria	l al Communicat			<u>م</u>					
	<b>1st Index : Drive Address :</b> Range <b>Fldr</b> 0 - 63		ions. The Sub	r urunieters u	C					
	<b>2nd Index : Baud Rate</b> : Selects the baud rate between 9.6kbps to 115.2kbps (d	lefault) for Mo	dbus RTU com	nmunication.						
	3 rd Index : Watchdog Timeout : Defines the time for which the drive will operate without receiving a valid command telegram to									
	Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. Setting 0 disables the Watchdog timer. Setting a value of 30, 100,									
	1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A ' ${f L}$ ' suffix s	elects trip on l	oss of commu	nication. An 'r	•' suffix					
	means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but will not	· ·								
P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	-					
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access parameters a									
P-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-					
	<b>0 : Unlocked</b> . All parameters can be accessed and changed									
P-39	1 : Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be changed	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%					
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which is app				70					
P-40	Display Speed Scaling Factor	0.000	6.000	0.000	-					
	Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternative output unit				d. e.g. to					
	display conveyer speed in metres per second. This function is disabled if P-40 =				.,					
	PI Controller Proportional Gain	0.0	30.0	1.0	-					
P-41		drive output fr	equency in re	sponse to sma	all changes					
P-41	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the	ante output n								
P-41	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability									
P-41 P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability PI Controller Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	S					
P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for	0.0 r systems when	re the overall p	process respo						
	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability <b>PI Controller Integral Time</b> PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for <b>PI Controller Operating Mode</b>	0.0 r systems when 0	re the overall p 1	process respo 0						
P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability <b>PI Controller Integral Time</b> PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for <b>PI Controller Operating Mode</b> <b>0 : Direct Operation</b> . Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should re-	0.0 r systems when 0 esult in an incr	re the overall p 1 rease in the fee	process respon 0 edback signal	nds slowly -					
P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode 0 : Direct Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should re 1 : Inverse Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should re	0.0 r systems when 0 esult in an incr result in a dec	re the overall p 1 rease in the fee rease in the fe	process respon 0 edback signal eedback signal	nds slowly -					
P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for PI Controller Operating Mode 0 : Direct Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should re 1 : Inverse Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should 2 : Direct Operation, Scaled Feedback. As Option 0, but with scaled display of	0.0 r systems when 0 esult in an incr result in a dec	re the overall p 1 rease in the fee rease in the fe	process respon 0 edback signal eedback signal	nds slowly -					
P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability <b>PI Controller Integral Time</b> PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for <b>PI Controller Operating Mode</b> <b>0 : Direct Operation</b> . Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should re <b>1 : Inverse Operation</b> . Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should <b>2 : Direct Operation</b> . Scaled Feedback. As Option 0, but with scaled display of multiplied by the scaling factor set in P-40.	0.0 r systems when 0 esult in an incr result in a dec PI Feedback. T	re the overall p 1 ease in the fee rease in the fe he feedback v	orocess respon 0 edback signal edback signal ralue (0 – 100.	nds slowly - 0%) is					
P-42	in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability <b>PI Controller Integral Time</b> PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped response for <b>PI Controller Operating Mode</b> <b>0</b> : Direct Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should re <b>1</b> : Inverse Operation. Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should <b>2</b> : Direct Operation, Scaled Feedback. As Option 0, but with scaled display of	0.0 r systems when 0 esult in an incr result in a dec PI Feedback. T	re the overall p 1 ease in the fee rease in the fe he feedback v	orocess respon 0 edback signal edback signal ralue (0 – 100.	nds slowly - 0%) is					

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
P-44	PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select	0	1	0	-						
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint										
	0 : Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used										
	1 : Analog Input 1 Setpoint										
P-45	PI Digital Setpoint	0.0	100.0	0.0	%						
	When P-44 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the PI Controller										
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select	0	2	0	-						
	0 : Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4)										
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6)										
	2 : Motor Current										
	<b>3 : DC Bus Voltage</b> Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%										
	4: Analog 1 – Analog 2. The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted from Analog		-	l. The value is	limited to C						
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2). The largest of the two analog input values is a		r PI feedback								
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	N/A	N/A	N/A	U0-10						
	U D- ID = 0 to 10 Volt Signal										
	<b>R D-2D</b> = 0 to 20mA Signal <b>E 4-2D</b> = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code <b>4-2DF</b> if the signal level falls below 3mA										
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop if the signal level f	alls below 3mA	λ								
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code 4-	<b>20F</b> if the signa	al level falls be	low 3mA							
	<b>r 20-4</b> = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will ramp to stop if the signal level falls below 3mA										
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	250.0	0.0	S						
	When standby mode is enabled, the drive will enter standby mode following a	period of ope	rating at minir	num speed (P·	-02) for the						
	time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display shows <b>5Endby</b> , and		-		,						
	Standby mode can be disabled by setting P-48 = $0.0$										
	PI Control Wake Up Error Level	0.0	100.0	0.0	%						
P-49											
P-49		lode is enabled	l (P-48 > 0.0). I	P-49 can be us	ed to defin						
P-49	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby M										
P-49	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby M the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) for whi	ch the drive wi	ll remain in Sta	andby Mode. 1							
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby N the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) for whi the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until th	ch the drive wi	ll remain in Sta ops sufficiently	andby Mode. 1							
P-49 P-50	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby M the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) for white the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the <b>Thermal Overload Value Retention</b>	ch the drive wi ie feedback dro	ll remain in Sta	andby Mode. 1							
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby M the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) for whit the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the <b>Thermal Overload Value Retention</b> <b>0</b> : <b>Disabled.</b>	ch the drive wi le feedback dro 0	ll remain in Sta ops sufficiently 1	andby Mode. 1 0	his allows -						
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Standby M the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback) for white the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain in Standby mode until the <b>Thermal Overload Value Retention</b>	ch the drive wi le feedback dro 0 the connected	Il remain in Sta ops sufficiently 1 motor, designo	andby Mode. T 0 ed to protect t	his allows - he motor						

the accumulator. When P-50 is enabled, the value is retained during power off.

## 6.3. Adjusting the Voltage / Frequency (V/f) characteristics



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	Description	Display range	Explanation
P00-0 I	1st Analog input value	0 100%	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value	0 100%	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input	-P-01 P-01	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise displayed in RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Binary value	Drive digital input status
P00-05	Internal Temperature	-10 - 50°C	Displays the internal drive temperature
P00-06	DC Bus Ripple	0 – 150V	Displays the level of voltage ripple present on the DC Bus, used for phase loss and imbalance monitoring
רם-009	Applied motor voltage	0 600V AC	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage	0 1000V dc	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Internal Heatsink temperature	-20 100 °C	Temperature of heatsink in $ {C}$
P00- 10	Hours run meter	0 to 99 999 hours	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00- 11	Run time since last trip (1)	0 to 99 999 hours	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.
P00- 12	Run time since last trip (2)	0 to 99 999 hours	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip – not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00- 13	Run time since last disable	0 to 99 999 hours	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00- 14	Drive Effective Switching Frequency	4 to 32 kHz	Actual drive effective output switching frequency. This value maybe lower than the selected frequency in P-17 if the drive is too hot. The drive will automatically reduce the switching frequency to prevent an over temperature trip and maintain operation.
P00- 15	DC bus voltage log	0 1000V	8 most recent values prior to trip, updated every 250ms
P00- 16	Thermistor temperature log	-20 120 °C	8 most recent values prior to trip, updated every 500ms
ה -009	Motor current	0 to 2x rated current	8 most recent values prior to trip, updated every 250ms
P00- 18	Software ID, IO & motor ctrl	e.g. "1.00", "47AE"	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor,

#### 6

#### 00-000 ... 99-999 Drive identifier P00-20 Drive rating

#### Parameter group zero access and navigation

Drive serial number

P00- 19

When P-14 = P-37, all P-00 parameters are visible. Default value is 101.

When the user scrolls to P-00, pressing  $\bigcirc$  will display "PDD-XX", where XX represents the secondary number within P-00. (i.e. 1 to 20). The User can then scroll to the required P-00 parameter.

000000 ... 999999

"2" indicates motor control

Unique drive serial number

e.g. 540102 / 32 / 005

Drive rating, drive type

e.g. 0.37, 1 230,3P-out

Pressing  $\bigcirc$  once more will then display the value of that particular group zero parameter.

For those parameters which have multiple values (e.g. software ID), pressing the  $\Delta$  and abla keys will display the different values within that parameter.

Pressing  $\bigcirc$  returns to the next level up. If  $\bigcirc$  is then pressed again (without pressing  $\triangle$  or  $\bigtriangledown$ ), the display changes to the next level up. (main parameter level, i.e. P-00).

If  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  is pressed whilst on the lower level (e.g. P00-05) to change the P-00 index, pressing <NAVIGATE> quickly displays that parameter value.

# 7. Analog and Digital Input Configurations

-15	Terminal Mode (P-1 Digital input 1 (T2)	Digital input 2 (T3) Digital input 3		input 3 (T4	)	Analog in	put (T6)	Comments					
	Open: Stop (disable)	Open : Forward	-	-	Analog spe								
0	Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : Reverse	run	Closed	: Preset sp	eed 1	Analog in	put 1 reference					
1	Open: Stop (disable)	Open: Analog sp			Preset spee		Analog in	put 1 reference					
	Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : Preset s			: Preset sp		7						
		Digital Input 2	Digital Ir	nput 3	Preset Sp	eed							
		Open	Open		Preset Sp	eed 1			4 Preset speeds selectable. Analog input used as digita				
2	Open: Stop (disable)	Closed	Open		Preset Sp	eed 2		eset speeds 1-4	input Closed status: 8V < V				
	Closed: Run (enable)	Open	Closed		Preset Sp	eed 3	Closed : N	/lax Speed(P-01)	< 30V				
		Closed	Closed		Preset Sp								
	-	closed	closed	Externa	al trip inpu				Connect external motor				
3	Open: Stop (disable)	Open : Analog sp		Open: 1			Analog in	put 1 reference	thermistor PTC type or				
	Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : Preset s	peed 1	Closed:	1.7		0		similar to digital input 3				
4	Open: Stop (disable)	Open : Analog in	put 1	Analog	input 2 ref	erence	Analog in	nut 1 reference	Switches between analog				
-	Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : Analog i	nput 2	Analog	Analog input 2 reference Analo		Analog input 1 reference		inputs 1 and 2				
5	Open: Fwd Stop	Open: Reverse Stop		Open :		ed ref	Analogia	nut 1 reference	Closing digital inputs 1 and together carries out a fast				
5	Closed: Fwd Run	Closed: Reverse	Run	Closed	Closed : Preset speed 1  External trip input :		Analog input 1 reference		stop (P-24)				
	Orace (Hardela)	0		Externa					Connect external motor				
6	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Forward Closed : Reverse		Open: 1	Trip,		Analog input 1 reference		thermistor PTC type or				
	Closed: Rull (ellable)	Closed : Reverse		Closed:	Run				similar to digital input 3				
	Open: Stop (disable)	Open: Stop (disa	Ston (disable)		al trip inpu	t:			Closing digital inputs 1 and				
7	Closed: Fwd Run (enable)	Closed: Rev Run		Open: Trip, Closed: Run		Analog						put 1 reference	together carries out a fast
	. ,				Run Input 3	Analas	g Input 1 Preset Speed		stop (P-24)				
				Open	iliput 5	Open	s input 1	Preset Speed 1	-				
8	Open: Stop (disable)	Open : Forward		Closed		Open		Preset Speed 2	-				
•	Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : Reverse		Open		Closed		Preset Speed 3	-				
				Closed		Closed		Preset Speed 4					
				Digital	Input 3	Analog	g Input 1	Preset Speed					
	Open: Stop (disable)	Open: Stop (disa	ble)	Open	Open			Preset Speed 1	Closing digital inputs 1 and				
9	Closed: Forward Run	Closed: Reverse	Run	Closed		Open		Preset Speed 2	together carries out a fast				
	(enable)	(enable)		Open		Closed		Preset Speed 3	stop (P-24)				
				Closed		Closed		Preset Speed 4					
10	Normally Open (NO)	Normally Closed	. ,		Analog spe		Analog in	put 1 reference					
	Momentary close to run	Momentary oper	n to stop	Closed:	Preset spe	ed 1		•					
11	Normally Open (NO)	Normally Closed	l (NC)	Norma	lly Open (N	0)	Analogin	nut 1 reference	Closing digital inputs 1 and together carries out a fast				
11	Momentary close to run	Momentary oper	n to stop	Momer	ntary close	to rev	Analog in	put 1 reference	stop (P-24)				
	Open: Stop (disable)	Open: Fast Stop	(disable)	Open :	Analog spe	ed ref							
12	Closed: Run (enable)	Closed: Run (ena	• •		: Preset sp		Analog input 1 reference						

#### **Typical Applications**

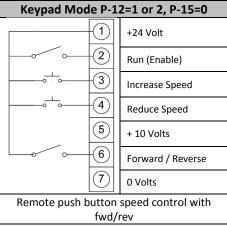
Terminal Mode F	Terminal Mode P-12=0, P-15 = 1			Terminal Mode P-12=0, P-15=2			
	+24 Volt		1	+24 Volt		1	+24 Volt
	Run (Enable)	000	2	Run (Enable)		2	Run (Enable)
	For / Rev		3	Analog / Preset		3	Preset Speeds 1 – 4
	Analog / Preset		4	Preset1 / Preset2		4	Select
5	+ 10 Volts	r	5	+ 10 Volts		5	
< 6	Reference		6	Reference		6	Preset / Max
	0 Volts		7	0 Volts		7	
Analog speed input with 1 preset speed and		Analog speed input with 2 preset speeds		with 2 preset speeds			ax speed select switch.
fwd/rev	switch				Effectivel	y giving	g 5 preset speeds

Terminal Mode P-12=0, P-15=3				Termin	al Mode P-1	L <b>2=0,</b> P-15=4	1	Terminal N	Mode P-	12=0, P-15=11		
Гг			+24 Volt				+24 Volt			-1	+24 Volt	7
		~ <u>2</u>	Run (Enat	ole)		· 2	Run (Enable)			_2	Run Forward	Ana
		~ <u>3</u>	Analog / F	Preset 1		· 3	Local / Remo (Hand / Auto			-3	Stop	gole
			External T	rip		4	Remote (Aut Reference	to)		-4	Run Reverse	and
	Г	5	+ 10 Volts		Volts	5	+ 10 Volts			5	+ 10 Volts	Digita
			Reference		(P-47)		Local (Hand) Reference		Fast Stop (P-24)	6	Reference	ital
		(7)	0 Volts			(7)	0 Volts			(7)	0 Volts	npu
Α	nalog s	peed input with	1 preset sp	beed and	Local or remote analog speeds			Push button fwd/rev/stop with fast stop			ŭt	
		motor thermi	stor trip			(2 analog in	puts)		using 2 nd deceleration ramp			6
												- Pi
7.2. Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)									9 U			
	P-15	P-15 Digital input 1 (T2) Digital inp		Digital inp	ut 2 (T3)	Digital input	3 (T4)	Analog input (T6) Comment		nts	rations	
	0, 5,	Open: Stop (disa	ble)	Closed : re	mote UP push-	Closed : remo	ote DOWN	Open : I	Forward			ō
	812	812 Closed: Run (enable) button		button		push-button		+24V : Reverse				- Su

#### 7.2. Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

		• · -/			
P-15	Digital input 1 (T2)	Digital input 2 (T3)	Digital input 3 (T4)	Analog input (T6)	Comments
0, 5,	Open: Stop (disable)	Closed : remote UP push-	Closed : remote DOWN	Open : Forward	
812	Closed: Run (enable)	button	push-button	+24V : Reverse	
1	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	No effect	No effect	No effect	Speed reference = PI Controller Output
2	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : remote UP push- button	Closed : remote DOWN push-button	Open : Keypad speed ref +24V : Preset speed 1	
3 ¹⁾	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : remote UP push- button	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	Closed : remote DOWN push-button	Connect external motor thermistor PTC type or similar to digital input 3
4	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Closed : remote UP push- button	Open : Keypad speed ref Closed : Analog input 1	Analog input 1	
6 ¹⁾	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Forward run Closed : Reverse run	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	Open : Keypad speed ref +24V : Preset speed 1	Connect external motor thermistor PTC type or similar to digital input 3
7	Open: Forward Stop Closed: Forward Run	Open: Reverse Stop Closed: Reverse Run	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	Open : Keypad speed ref +24V : Preset speed 1	Closing digital inputs 1 and 2 together carries out a fast stop (P-24)

#### Example Wiring



NOTE

By default if the enable signal is present the drive will not Enable until the START button is pressed. To automatically enable the drive when the enable signal is present set P-31 = 2 or 3. This then disables the use of the START & STOP buttons

## 7.3. Modbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3 or 4)

P-15	Digital input 1 (T2)	Digital input 2 (T3)	Digital input 3 (T4)	Analog input (T6)	Comments
0, 2, 45, 812	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	No effect	No effect	No effect	Run and stop commands given via the RS485 link and Digital input 1 must be closed for the drive to run.
1	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	No effect	No effect	No effect	Speed reference = PI Controller Output
3 ¹⁾	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Master speed ref Closed : Preset speed 1	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	No effect	Connect external motor thermistor PTC type or similar to digital input 3
6 ¹⁾	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Master speed ref Closed : Analog input	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	Analog input reference	Master Speed Ref - start and stop controlled via RS485.
7 ¹⁾	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Master speed ref Closed : keypad speed ref	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	No effect	Keypad Speed Ref - drive auto runs if digital input 1 closed, depending on P-31 setting

For further information on the MODBUS RTU Register Map information and communication setup; please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

# 7.4. User P

## User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

P-15	Digital input 1 (T2)	Digital input 2 (T3)	Digital input 3 (T4)	Analog input (T6)	Comments
0, 2, 912	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Pl control Closed : Preset speed 1	PI feedback analog input	Analog input 1	Analog Input 1 can provide an adjustable PI setpoint, by setting P-44 = 1
1	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : PI control Closed : Analog input 1	PI feedback analog input	Analog input 1	Analog Input 1 can provide an adjustable PI setpoint, by setting P-44 = 1
<b>3, 7</b> ¹⁾	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : PI control Closed : Preset speed 1	External trip input : Open: Trip, Closed: Run	PI feedback analog input	Connect external motor thermistor PTC type or similar to digital input 3
4	Normally Open (NO) Momentary close to run	Normally Closed (NC) Momentary open to stop	PI Feedback Analog Input	Analog Input 1	Normally Open (NO) Momentary close to run
5	Normally Open (NO) Momentary close to run	Normally Closed (NC) Momentary open to stop	Open: PI Control Closed: Preset Speed 1	PI Feedback Analog Input	Normally Open (NO) Momentary close to run
6	Normally Open (NO) Momentary close to run	Normally Closed (NC) Momentary open to stop	Open: External Trip Closed: Run	PI Feedback Analog Input	Normally Open (NO) Momentary close to run
8	Open: Stop (disable) Closed: Run (enable)	Open : Forward run Closed : Reverse run	PI feedback analog input	Analog input 1	Analog Input 1 can provide an adjustable PI setpoint, by setting P-44 = 1

#### **Example Wiring**

PI Mode P-12	2=5, P-15=0	PI Mode P-12	=5, P-15=1	PI Mode P-12=5, P-15=3		
	+24 Volt		+24 Volt	1	) +24 Volt	
~~~~ <u>2</u>	Run (Enable)	<u> </u>	Run (Enable)		) Run (Enable)	
3	PI / Preset Speed 1		PI / Local (Hand)	· · · · 3) PI / Preset Speed 1	
4	PI Feedback	4	PI Feedback) External Trip	
Volts 5		Volts	+10 Volt			
/Current (+) (P-47) (6)		/Current (P-47) (P-47)	Local (Hand) Ref	Volts /Current (+) 6) PI Feedback	
	0 Volt		0 Volt	(P-16) (7) 0 Volt	
Remote closed loop PI feedback control		Remote closed loop PI f	eedback control with	Remote closed loop P	PI feedback control with	
with Local Preset speed 1		Local Analog s	peed input	Local Preset speed 1	and motor thermistor	
				trip		

NOTE By default the PI reference is set for a digital reference level set in P-45.

When using an Analog reference set P-44 = 1 (analog) and connect reference signal to analog input 1 (T6).

The default settings for proportional gain (P-41), integral gain (P-42) and feedback mode (P-43) are suitable for most HVAC and pumping applications.

The analog reference used for PI controller can also be used as the local speed reference when P15=1.

7.5. Motor Thermistor Connection

	1 : + 24 Volt	The motor thermistor should be connected between terminals 1 and 4 as shown. A setting of P-15 where Digital Input 3 is programmed for 'External Trip' must be used.
Trip - Run	4 : External Trip	The current flow through the thermistor is automatically controlled to prevent a failure.

8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The Optidrive E2 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

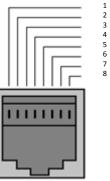
8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity.
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45

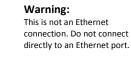
8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.3



No Connection No Connection Volts -RS485 (PC) +RS485 (PC) +24 Volt -RS485 (Modbus RTU) +RS485 (Modbus RTU)



8.4. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive ODE-2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands. Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register 0, therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 8.5 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address. The telegram structure is as follows:-

Command 03 – Read Holding Registers									
Master Telegram	Lei	ngth		Slave Response	Le	ngth			
Slave Address	1	Byte		Slave Address	1	Byte			
Function Code (03)	1	Byte]	Starting Address	1	Byte			
1 st Register Address	2	Bytes		1 st Register Value	2	Bytes			
No. Of Registers	2	Bytes	1	2 nd Register Value	2	Bytes			
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes]	Etc					
			1	CRC Checksum	2	Bvtes			

Command 06 – Write Single Holding Register										
Master Telegram	Lei	ngth		Slave Response	Le	ngth				
Slave Address	1	Byte		Slave Address	1	Byte				
Function Code (06)	1	Byte		Function Code (06)	1	Byte				
Register Address	2	Bytes		Register Address	2	Bytes				
Value	2	Bytes		Register Value	2	Bytes				
CRC Checksum	2	Bytes		CRC Checksum	2	Bytes				

8.5. Modbus Register Map

Moubus Register Map									
Par.	-	Supported	Fu	unction		Final and the s			
	туре	Commands	Low Byte	High Byte	Range	Explanation			
-	R/W	03,06	Drive Control Cor	nmand	03	16 Bit Word.			
						Bit 0 : Low = Stop, High = Run Enable			
						Bit 1 : Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04), High = Decel			
						Ramp 2 (P-24)			
						Bit 2 : Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset			
						Bit 3 : Low – No Function, High = Coast Stop			
						Request			
-	R/W	03,06	Modbus Speed re	eference setpoint	05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz			
-	R/W	03,06	Acceleration and	Acceleration and Deceleration Time		Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds			
-	R	03	Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1			
						High Byte = Drive Status as follows :-			
						0 : Drive Stopped			
						1: Drive Running			
						2: Drive Tripped			
	R	03	Output Motor Fre	equency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz			
	R	03	Output Motor Cu	rrent	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps			
-	R	03	Digital input statu	JS	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs			
						Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1			
P00-01	R	03	Analog Input 1 va	llue	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%			
P00-02	R	03	Analog Input 2 va	llue	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%			
P00-03	R	03	Speed Reference	Value	01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz			
P00-08	R	03	DC bus voltage		01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts			
P00-09	R	03	Drive temperatur	e	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in ^o C			
	Par. - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Par. Type - R/W - R/W - R/W - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R P00-01 R P00-02 R P00-03 R P00-08 R	Par. Type Supported Commands - R/W 03,06 - R 03 - R 03 - R 03 POD-01 R 03 POD-02 R 03 POD-03 R 03 POD-08 R 03	Par.Supported CommandsFit Low Byte-R/W03,06Drive Control Cor-R/W03,06Drive Control Cor-R/W03,06Modbus Speed re-R/W03,06Acceleration and-R03Error code-R03Dutput Motor Fre-R03Digital input statu-R03Analog Input 1 vaP00-01R03Analog Input 2 vaP00-03R03Dc bus voltage	Par.Supported CommandsFunction-R/W03,06Drive Control Command-R/W03,06Drive Control Command-R/W03,06Modbus Speed reference setpoint-R/W03,06Acceleration and Deceleration Time-R/W03,06Acceleration and Deceleration Time-R03Error codeDrive status-R03Output Motor Frequency-R03Duput Motor Current-R03Analog Input 1 valueP00-01R03Analog Input 2 valueP00-03R03DC bus voltage	Par.Supported CommandsFunction Low ByteRange-R/W03,06Drive Control Command03-R/W03,06Drive Control Command03-R/W03,06Modbus Speed reference setpoint05000-R/W03,06Acceleration and Deceleration Time060000-R/W03,06Acceleration and Deceleration Time060000-R03Error codeDrive status020000-R03Output Motor Frequency020000-R03Digital input status015P00-01R03Analog Input 1 value01000P00-02R03Speed Reference Value01000P00-03R03DC bus voltage01000			

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-047 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details, please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

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9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range	Open Drives Enclosed Drives
Storage ambient temperature range	

-10 ... 50°C (frost and condensation free) -10 ... 40°C (frost and condensation free) -40 ... 60°C

Maximum altitude Maximum humidity -40 ... 60°C 2000m. Derate above 1000m : 1% / 100m

95%, non-condensing

NOTE

6

Technical Data

For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

9.2. Rating Tables

110 - 11	110 - 115 Volt (+ / - 10%) 1 Phase Input, 3 Phase 230V Output											
Frame	kW	HP	Nominal	Fus	Fuse Supply		Nominal	Motor		Maximum	Recommended	
Size			Input	0	r	Cable		Output	Cable		Motor	Brake
			Current	MCB (T	ype B)	Size		Current	Size		Cable	Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG / kcmil		mm	AWG / kcmil	Length	Ω
1	0.37	0.5	11.0	16	15	2.5	14	2.3	1.5	14	50	N/A
1	0.75	1	19.0	25	25	4	10	4.3	1.5	14	50	N/A
2	1.1	1.5	25.0	32	35	6	8	5.8	1.5	14	100	50

200 - 240 Volt (+ / - 10%) 1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame	kW	HP	Nominal	Fuse		Supply Nomin		Nominal	Motor		Maximum	Recommended
Size			Input	0	Or		Cable		Cable		Motor	Brake
			Current	МСВ (Т	MCB (Type B)		Size		Size		Cable	Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG / kcmil		mm	AWG / kcmil	Length	Ω
1	0.37	0.5	6.4	10	10	1.5	14	2.3	1.5	14	50	N/A
1	0.75	1	8.5	16	10	1.5	14	4.3	1.5	14	50	N/A
1	1.5	2	13.9	25	20	2.5	12	7	1.5	14	50	N/A
2	1.5	2	15.2	25	20	2.5	12	7	1.5	14	100	100
2	2.2	3	19.5	25	25	4	10	10.5	1.5	14	100	50
3	4	5	30.5	40	40	4	8	16	2.5	12	100	50

200 - 240 Volt (+ / - 10%) 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	kW	HP	Nominal Input Current	c	Fuse Or MCB (Type B)		Supply Cable Size		Motor Cable Size		Maximum Motor Cable	Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL (A)	mm	AWG / kcmil		mm	AWG / kcmil	Length	Ω
1	0.37	0.5	3.0	6	6	1.5	14	2.3	1.5	14	50	N/A
1	0.75	1	4.5	6	6	1.5	14	4.3	1.5	14	50	N/A
1	1.5	2	7.3	10	10	1.5	14	7	1.5	14	50	N/A
2	1.5	2	7.3	10	10	1.5	14	7	1.5	14	100	100
2	2.2	3	11.0	16	15	2.5	12	10.5	1.5	14	100	50
3	4	5	18.8	20	20	4	10	18	2.5	10	100	50

380 - 480 Volt (+ / - 10%) 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	kW (400V)	HP (460V)	Nominal Input		ise Dr		Supply Cable		l Motor Cable		Maximum Motor	Recommended Brake
3120	(4007)	(4007)	Current		л Гуре В)	Size		Output Current	Size		Cable	Resistance
				Non UL	UL (A)	mm	AWG / kcmil		mm	AWG / kcmil	Length	Ω
1	0.75	1	2.4	6	6	1.5	14	2.2	1.5	14	25	-
1	1.5	2	5.1	6	10	1.5	14	4.1	1.5	14	25	-
2	1.5	2	5.1	6	10	1.5	14	4.1	1.5	14	50	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	1.5	14	5.8	1.5	14	50	200
2	4	5	11.2	16	15	2.5	12	9.5	1.5	14	50	100
3	5.5	7.5	19.0	20	20	4	10	14	1.5	12	100	100
3	7.5	10	21.0	25	25	4	10	18	2.5	10	100	50
3	11	15	28.0	32	35	10	8	24	4	10	100	50

Note : For UL compliance, Motor Cable to be 75°C Copper, fuse current ratings in brackets (), UL Class T must be used.

9.3. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive E2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment
- For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections

Input Power Supply Ree	quirements								
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum								
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS								
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage var	iation between phase	– phase voltages allow	ed					
	All Optidrive E2 units hav	e phase imbalance m	onitoring. A phase imba	lance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping.					
	For input supplies which I	nave supply imbalanc	e greater than 3% (typic	ally the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia					
	Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors.								
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation								
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current					
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	5kA rms (AC)					
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	4 (5)	5kA rms (AC)					
	400 / 460V	0.75 (1)	11 (15)	5kA rms (AC)					
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the abo								
	specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage.								
Motor Cable	75°C Copper must be use	d							
Fusing	UL Class T Fuses must be	used							
Incoming power supply	connection must be accor	ding to section 4.3							
All Optidrive E2 units a	re intended for indoor insta	allation within control	led environments which	meet the condition limits shown in section					
9.1									
Branch circuit protection	on must be installed accord	ing to the relevant na	tional codes. Fuse rating	gs and types are shown in section 9.2					
Suitable Power and mo	tor cables should be select	ed according to the d	ata shown in section 9.2						
Power cable connection	ns and tightening torques a	re shown in section 3	.1						
			e National Electrical Cod						

Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1

Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown

in section 7.5

10. Trouble Shooting

10

	Display	Fault	Description	Corrective Action
	Fault Code	Number		
l	StoP	0x00	Drive is healthy and in a stopp	ed condition. The motor is not energised. No enable signal is present to start the drive
	P-dEF	0X0A	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press the STOP key, drive is ready to configure for particular application
	0-1	0x03	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.	 Fault occurs immediately on drive enable or run command Check the output wiring connections to the motor and the motor for short circuits phase to phase and phase to earth. Fault occurs during motor starting Check the motor is free to rotate and there are no mechanical blockages. If the motor ha a brake fitted, check the brake is releasing correctly. Check for the correct star-delta motor wiring. Ensure the motor nameplate current is correctly entered in P-08. Increase the acceleration time in P-03. Reduce the motor boost voltage setting in P-11 Fault occurs when motor operating at constant speed Investigate overload or malfunction. Fault occurs during motor acceleration or deceleration The Accel/Decel times are too short requiring too much power. If P-03 or P-04 cannot be increased, a bigger drive may be required
	I.E-ErP	0x04	Motor thermal overload protection trip. The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.	Ensure the correct motor nameplate current value is entered in P-08. Check for correct Star or Delta wiring configuration. Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (which indicates the output current > P-08 value) and either increase acceleration ramp (P-03) or decrease motor load. Check the total motor cable length is within the drive specification. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockage or other mechanical faults exist
	01 - ь	0x01	Brake channel over current (excessive current in the brake resistor)	Check the cabling to the brake resistor and the brake resistor for short circuits or damage Ensure the resistance of the brake resistor is equal to or greater than the minimum value for the relevant drive shown in the table in section 9.2
	OL-br	0x02	Brake resistor thermal overload. The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor	Only occurs if P-34 = 1. The internal software protection for the brake resistor has activated to prevent damage to the brake resistor. If an Invertek standard braking resistor is being used, P-34 MUST be 1 Increase the deceleration time (P-04) or 2 nd deceleration time (P-24). Reduce the load inertia For Other Brake Resistors Ensure the resistance of the brake resistor is equal to or greater than the minimum value for the relevant drive shown in the table in section 9.2. Use an external thermal protection device for the brake resistor. In this case, P-34 may be set to 2
	P5-ErP	0x05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no moto connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
	0.Uo It	0x06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34
	U.Uo It	0x07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is remover from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
	0-E	0x08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive. Increase the panel ventilation if required. Ensure sufficient cooling air can enter the drive and that the bottom entry and top exit vents are not blocked or obstructed.
	U-E	0x09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. Temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
	th-FLt	0x10	Faulty thermistor on heatsink.	Refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
	E-Er iP	0x0B	External trip (on digital Input 3)	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
	SC-trP	0x0C	Comms loss trip	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
Į	P-L055	0x0E	Input phase loss trip	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply has lost one input phase.
ļ	5Pin-F	0x0F	Spin start failed	Spin start function failed to detect the motor speed.
	dAFA-E	0x11	Internal memory fault.	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
	4-20 F	0x12	Analog input current out of range	Check input current in range defined by P-16.
	SC-FLE	-	Internal drive Fault	Refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
- 1	FAULLY	-	Internal drive Fault	Refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.



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